

TASK - LBP

◆ create()

```
static Ptr<LBPHFaceRecognizer> cv::face::LBPHFaceRecognizer::create ( int    radius = 1 ,
                                                                    int    neighbors = 8 ,
                                                                    int    grid_x = 8 ,
                                                                    int    grid_y = 8 ,
                                                                    double threshold = DBL_MAX
                                                                    )
```

```
Python:
cv.face.LBPHFaceRecognizer_create( [, radius[, neighbors[, grid_x[, grid_y[, threshold]]]] ) -> retval
```

Parameters

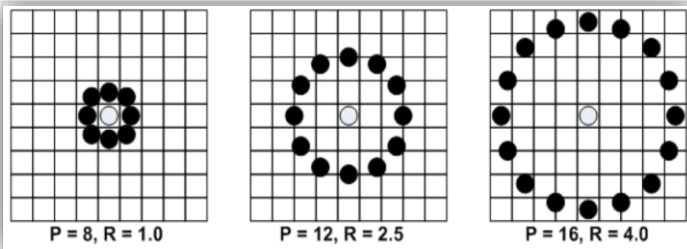
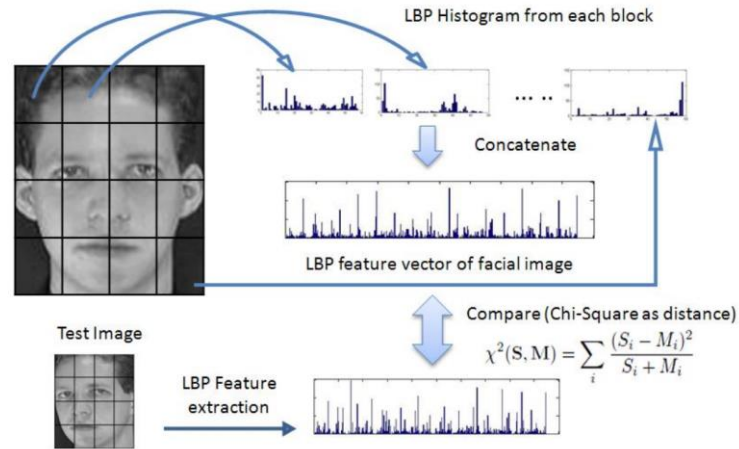
- radius** The radius used for building the Circular Local Binary Pattern. The greater the radius, the smoother the image but more spatial information you can get.
- neighbors** The number of sample points to build a Circular Local Binary Pattern from. An appropriate value is to use 8 sample points. Keep in mind: the more sample points you include, the higher the computational cost.
- grid_x** The number of cells in the horizontal direction, 8 is a common value used in publications. The more cells, the finer the grid, the higher the dimensionality of the resulting feature vector.
- grid_y** The number of cells in the vertical direction, 8 is a common value used in publications. The more cells, the finer the grid, the higher the dimensionality of the resulting feature vector.
- threshold** The threshold applied in the prediction. If the distance to the nearest neighbor is larger than the threshold, this method returns -1.

Notes:

- The Circular Local Binary Patterns (used in training and prediction) expect the data given as grayscale images, use cvtColor to convert between the color spaces.
- This model supports updating.

Model internal data:

- radius see LBPHFaceRecognizer::create.
- neighbors see LBPHFaceRecognizer::create.
- grid_x see LBPHFaceRecognizer::create.
- grid_y see LBPHFaceRecognizer::create.
- threshold see LBPHFaceRecognizer::create.
- histograms Local Binary Patterns Histograms calculated from the given training data (empty if none was given).
- labels Labels corresponding to the calculated Local Binary Patterns Histograms.



TASK - LBP

◆ predict() [2/3]

```
void cv::face::FaceRecognizer::predict ( InputArray src,
                                         int & label,
                                         double & confidence
                                         ) const
```

Python:

```
cv.face.FaceRecognizer.predict( src ) -> label, confidence
cv.face.FaceRecognizer.predict_collect( src, collector ) -> None
cv.face.FaceRecognizer.predict_label( src ) -> retval
```

Predicts a label and associated confidence (e.g. distance) for a given input image.

Parameters

src Sample image to get a prediction from.
label The predicted label for the given image.
confidence Associated confidence (e.g. distance) for the predicted label.

◆ train()

```
virtual void cv::face::FaceRecognizer::train ( InputArrayOfArrays src,
                                               InputArray labels
                                               )
```

Python:

```
cv.face.FaceRecognizer.train( src, labels ) -> None
```

```
labels = [0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1]
np.array(labels)
```

Trains a **FaceRecognizer** with given data and associated labels.

Parameters

src The training images, that means the faces you want to learn. The data has to be given as a vector<Mat>.
labels The labels corresponding to the images have to be given either as a vector<int> or a **Mat** of type CV_32SC1.

◆ write() [1/2]

```
virtual void cv::face::FaceRecognizer::write ( const String & filename ) const
```

Python:

```
cv.face.FaceRecognizer.write( filename ) -> None
```

Saves a **FaceRecognizer** and its model state.

Saves this model to a given filename, either as XML or YAML.

Parameters

filename The filename to store this **FaceRecognizer** to (either XML/YAML).

◆ read() [1/2]

```
virtual void cv::face::FaceRecognizer::read ( const String & filename )
```

Python:

```
cv.face.FaceRecognizer.read( filename ) -> None
```

Loads a **FaceRecognizer** and its model state.

Loads a persisted model and state from a given XML or YAML file .

Solve parking lot occupation using LBP:

- Experiment with at least 3 LBP configurations
- For each configuration calculate accuracy and processing time
- You can try to create the combination of the previous detectors + LBP

Training data:

- http://mrl.cs.vsb.cz/data/vyuka/zao/parking/free_full.zip
-

Solve open/close eye recognition using LBP:

- Experiment with at least 3 LBP configurations
- For each configuration calculate processing time and try to observe accuracy
 - You can use the following video or create new:
http://mrl.cs.vsb.cz/data/vyuka/zao/fusek_face_car_01.zip
 - **Eye detector:** http://mrl.cs.vsb.cz/data/vyuka/zao/eye_cascade_fusek.zip